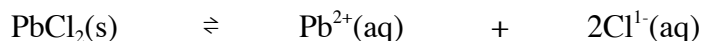


Name \_\_\_\_\_ Block: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Chemistry 12  
**LE CHATELIER & SOLUBILITY EQUILIBRIUM**

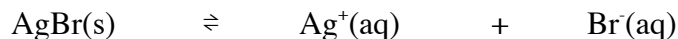
1. Consider the following equilibrium system:



Describe what happens to the solubility of  $\text{PbCl}_2$  after each of the changes are made (increases, decreases, stays the same). Be sure to explain why!

- a)  $\text{PbCl}_2(\text{s})$  is added \_\_\_\_\_
- b)  $\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2$  is added \_\_\_\_\_
- c)  $\text{NaCl}$  is added \_\_\_\_\_
- d)  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  is added \_\_\_\_\_
- e)  $\text{AgNO}_3$  is added \_\_\_\_\_
- f)  $\text{NaBr}$  is added \_\_\_\_\_

2. Consider the following equilibrium system:

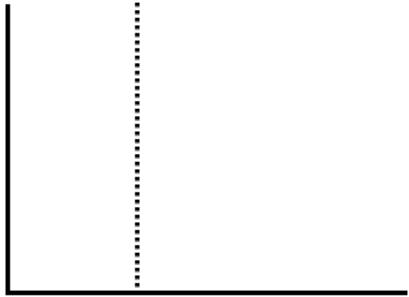
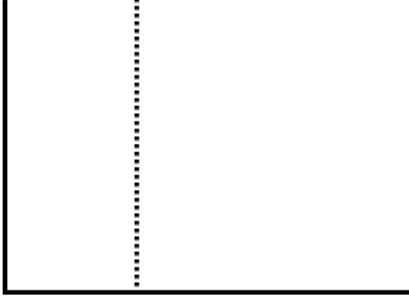
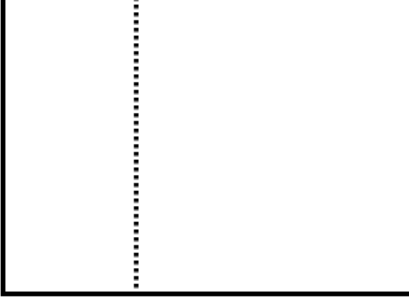


Describe what happens to the solubility of  $\text{AgBr}$  after each of the changes are made (increases, decreases, stays the same). Be sure to explain why!

- a)  $\text{AgBr}(\text{s})$  is added \_\_\_\_\_
- b)  $\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2$  is added \_\_\_\_\_
- c)  $\text{NaCl}$  is added \_\_\_\_\_
- d)  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  is added \_\_\_\_\_
- e)  $\text{AgNO}_3$  is added \_\_\_\_\_
- f)  $\text{NaBr}$  is added \_\_\_\_\_

3. 500.000 g of iron (II) perchlorate is placed in 1.00 L water and stirred. The saturated solution is then filtered and the undissolved solid weighed and has a mass of 499.070 g. Calculate the solubility product constant for this salt.

4. Some  $\text{Ag}_2\text{CO}_{3(s)}$  is placed into 3 – 1L beakers containing water to make a saturated solution of  $\text{Ag}_2\text{CO}_3$ .
- Discuss what happens to the solubility of silver carbonate when the following stresses are applied to each beaker.
  - Sketch a [conc] vs time graph for each of the stresses.

<p><math>T_1</math>: some <math>\text{Li}_2\text{SO}_{4(s)}</math> is added</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>What happens to the solubility?</li> <li></li> </ol> 	<p><math>T_2</math>: the solution is placed in a 5L beaker</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>What happens to the solubility?</li> <li></li> </ol> 	<p><math>T_3</math>: some <math>\text{Fe}(\text{NO}_3)_{3(s)}</math> is added</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>What happens to the solubility?</li> <li></li> </ol> 
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5. A 120.0 mL solution of 0.040 M  $\text{Cr}(\text{NO}_3)_3(\text{aq})$  is mixed with 75.0 mL of  $6.5 \times 10^{-3}$  M  $\text{Na}_3\text{PO}_4(\text{aq})$  and a precipitate just barely forms. Calculate the  $K_{\text{sp}}$  for the precipitate. Start by writing the complete ionic equation and the net ionic equation to identify the precipitate.
6. Will a precipitate form if 100.0 mL of a  $2.0 \times 10^{-4}$  M iron (II) nitrate is added to 50.0 mL of a  $1.0 \times 10^{-7}$  M strontium hydroxide solution? Start by writing the complete ionic equation and the net ionic equation to identify the precipitate.